

# Process control and increased lifespan of process baths

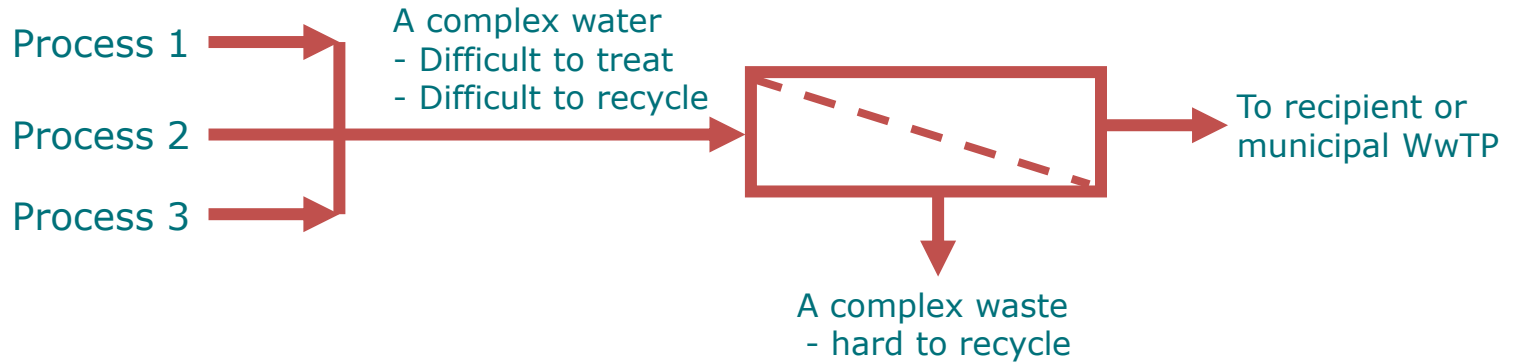
## Resource efficient quality optimisation

- Recovery of water and process chemicals
- Maintained or improved product quality
- Circular economy in practice

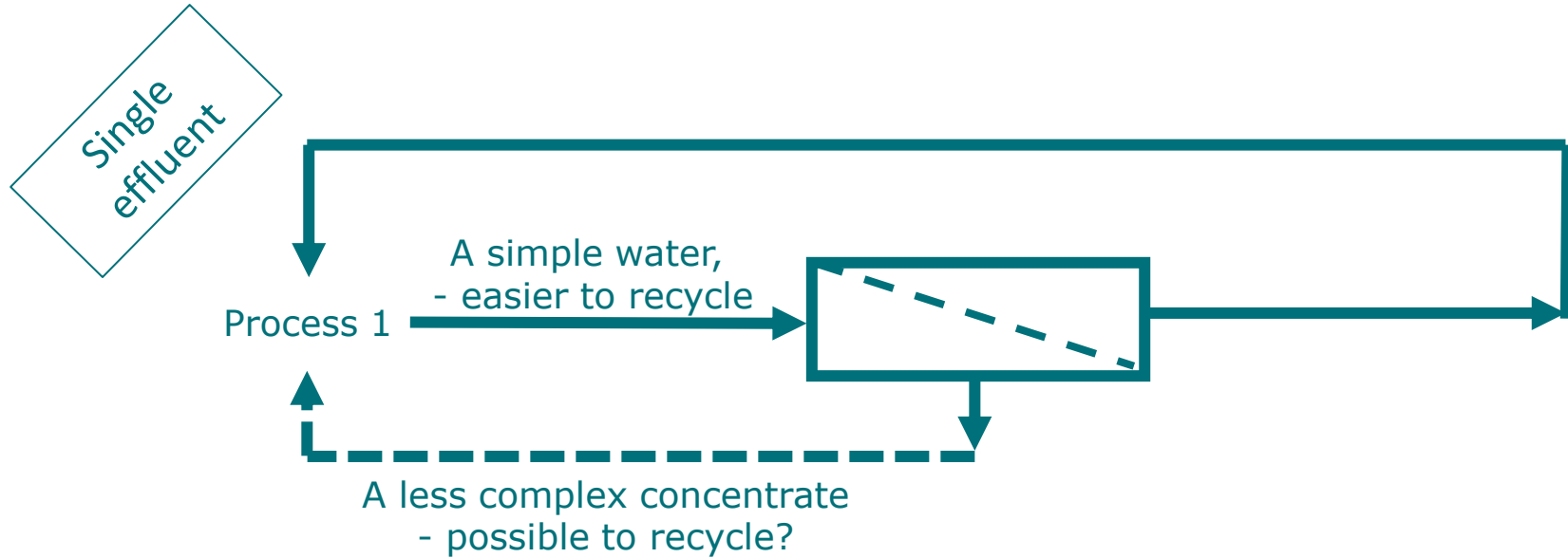
Staffan Filipsson

# End-of-pipe treatment of process water

Mixed effluents



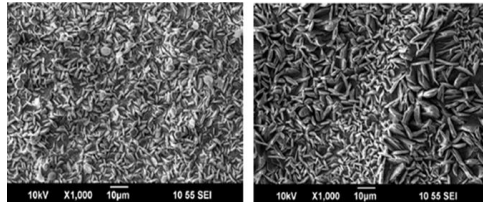
# Treatment at the source



# Phosphating - Pretreatment before painting of cabins



Steel plate



Steel plate with phosphate layer

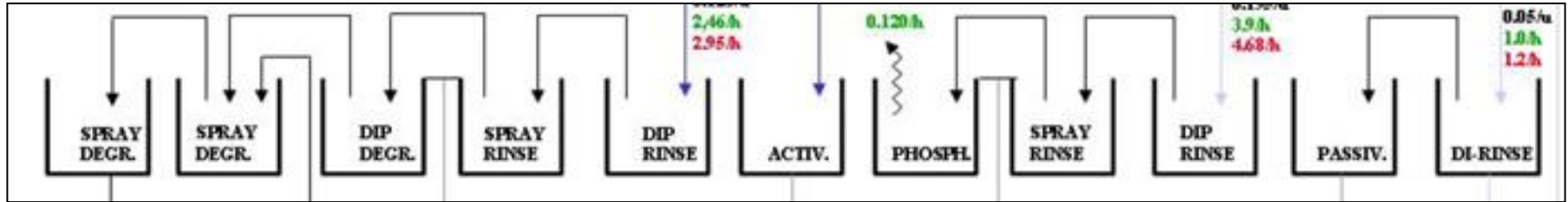


Painted steel plate

# Pretreatment before painting of cabins

Co-corellations!  
Highly complex!

→ Cabins →



← Degreasing →      ← Phosphating →      ← Passivation →

# Lack of process *knowledge*

## - a hinder for recovery of chemicals

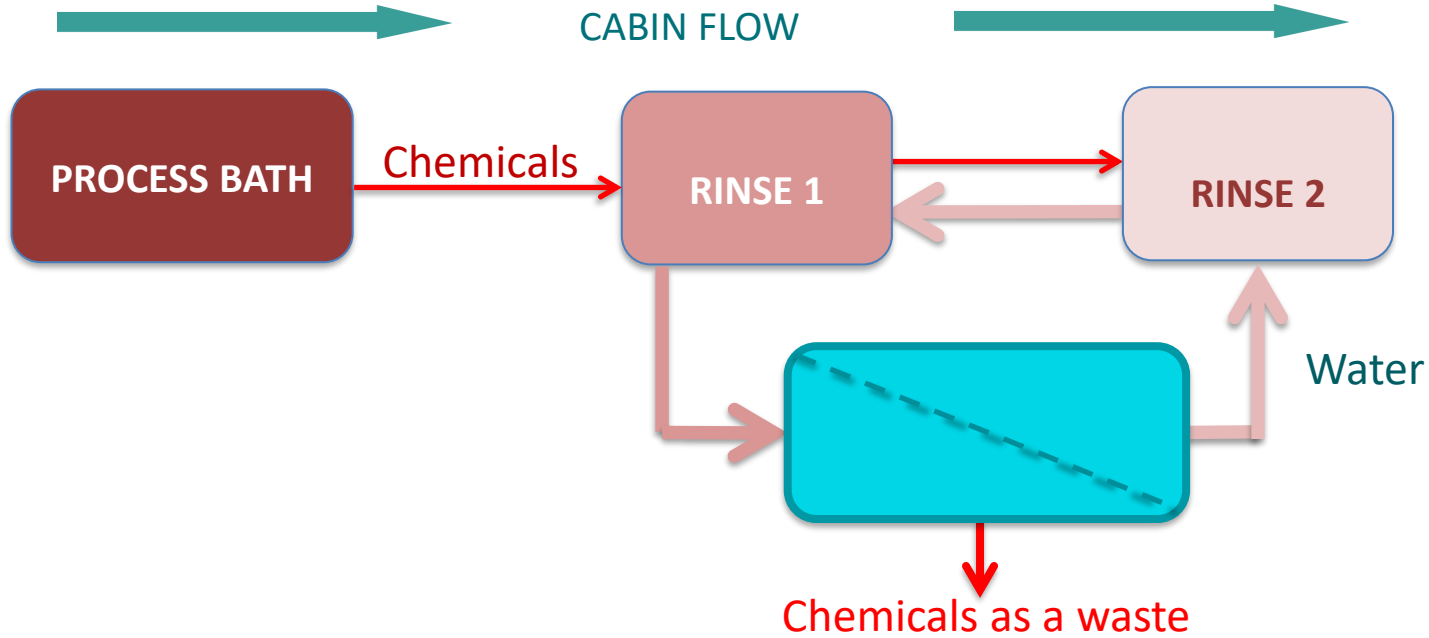
Processes are often run by experience rather than by knowledge:

- a hinder for process development and recovery of process chemicals

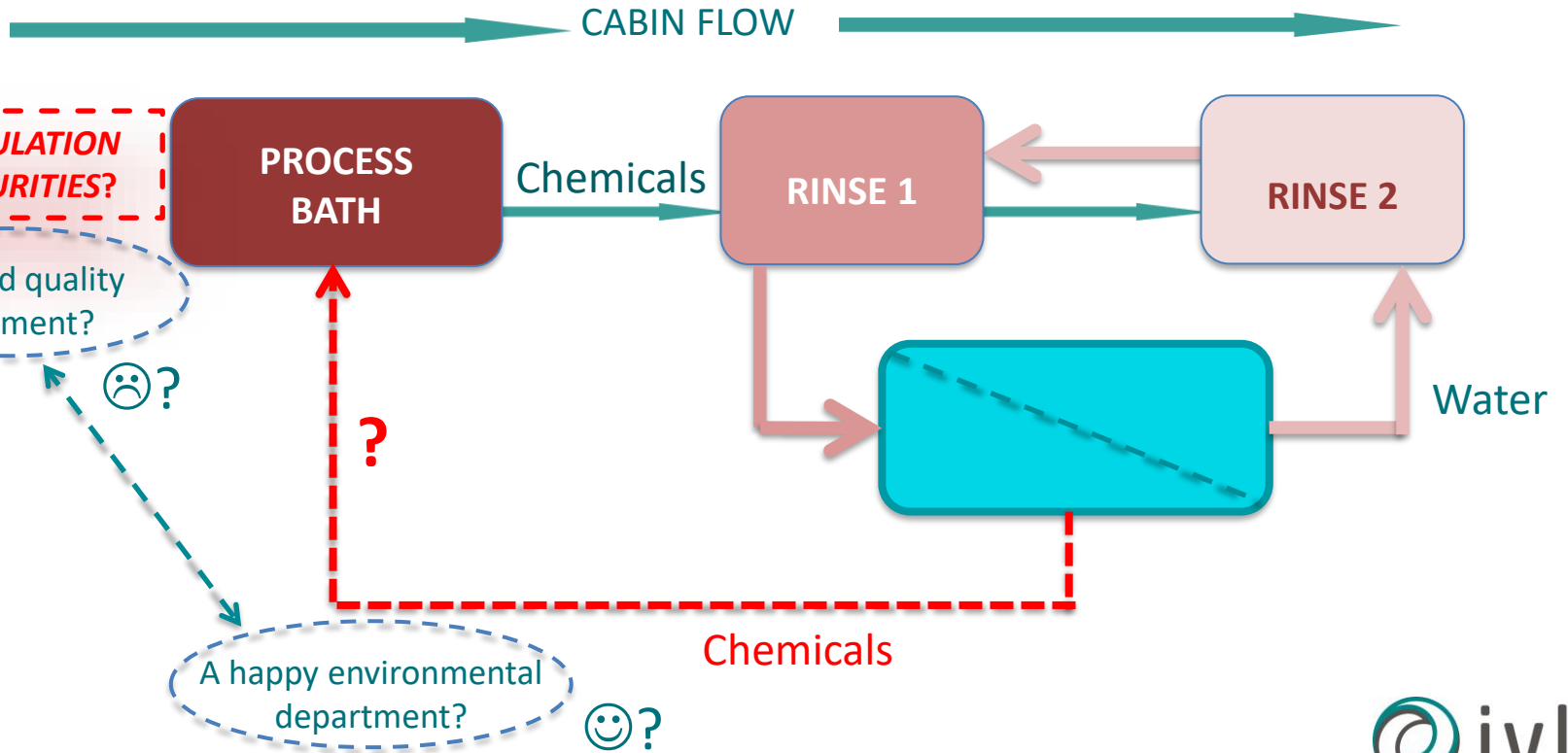
Better process knowledge opens up for:

- reuse of water
- recovery of process chemicals
- increased lifespan of process baths
- maintained or improved product quality

# Recycling of water today - "Closed loop"



# Next step: Recovery of chemicals – a new process?



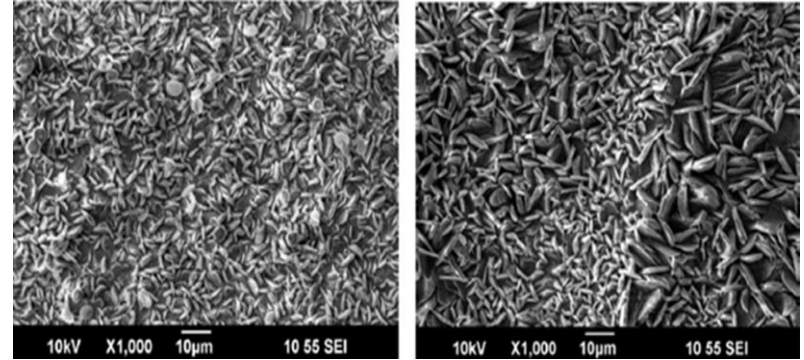
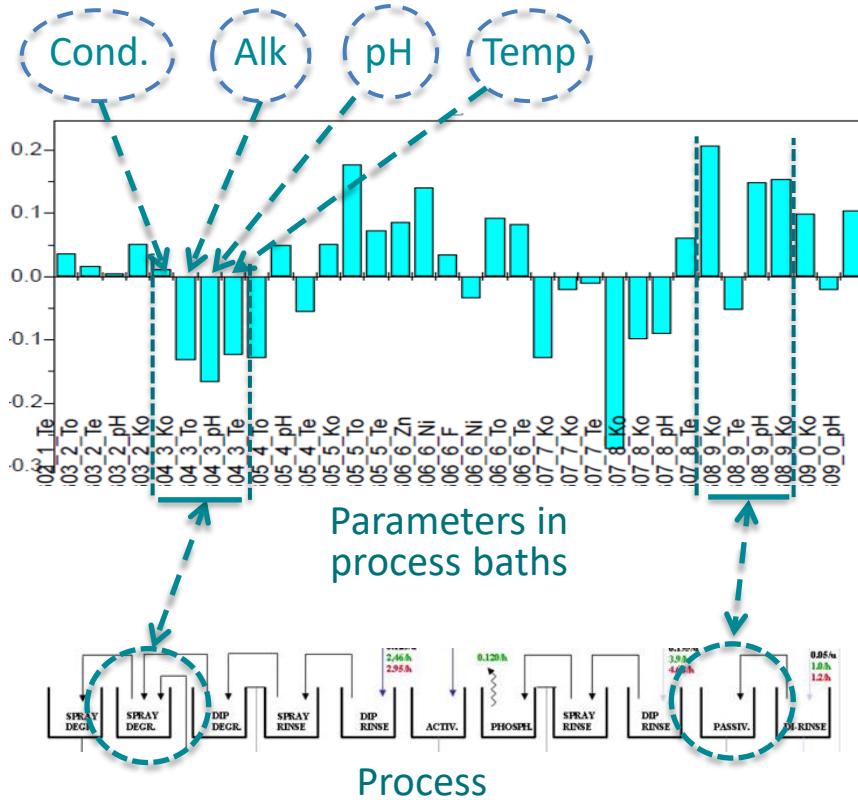


# Resource Efficient Quality Optimisation - 6 Steps

- 1/ Find the correlations between the process parameters and the product quality
- 2/ Predict the product quality
- 3/ Take control over your material balance (water, chemicals)
- 4/ Find ways to selectively separate the impurities
- 5/ Start to recover chemicals (and water) with caution
- 6/ Increase the recovery rate of chemicals (and water)

# 1/ Find the correlations between process parameters and the quality

- Observe the co-correlations!

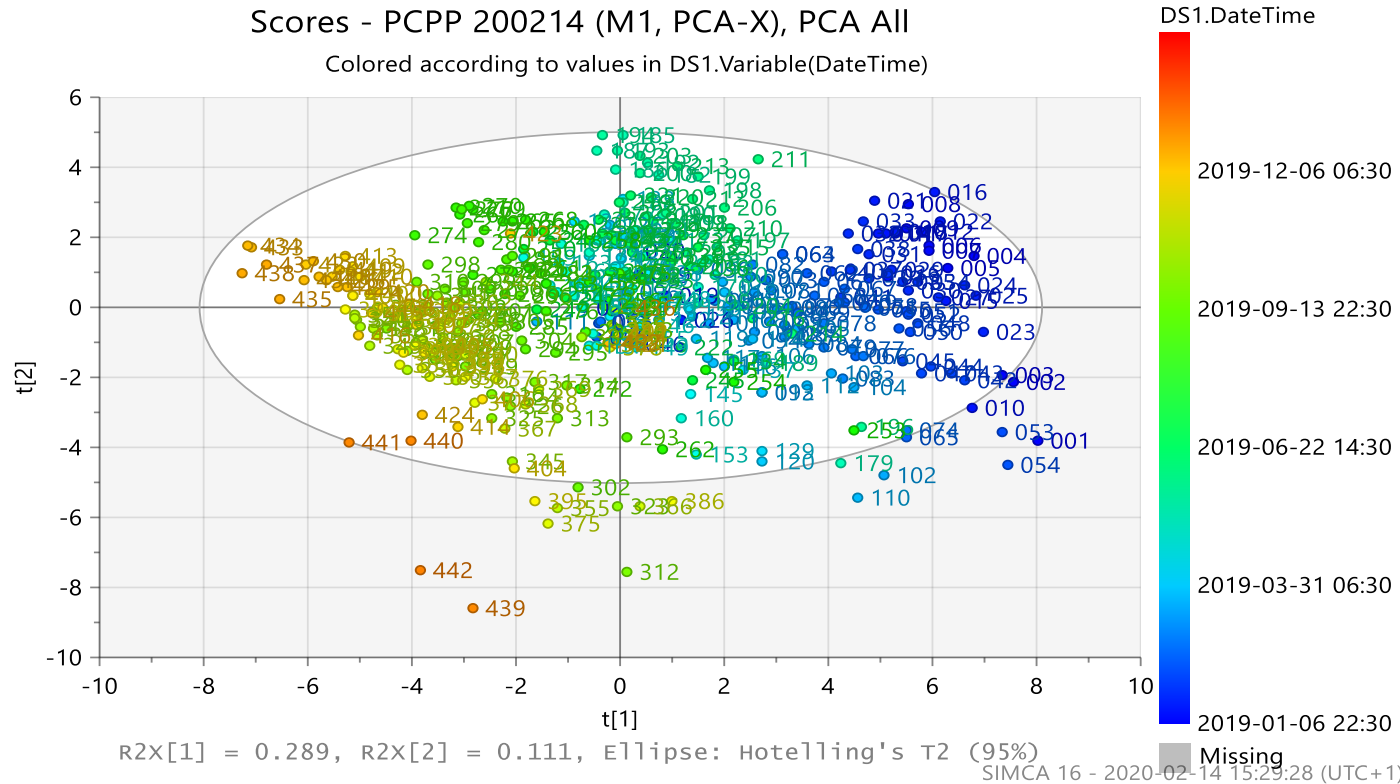


Quality of phosphate layer

- Weight
- Crystal size

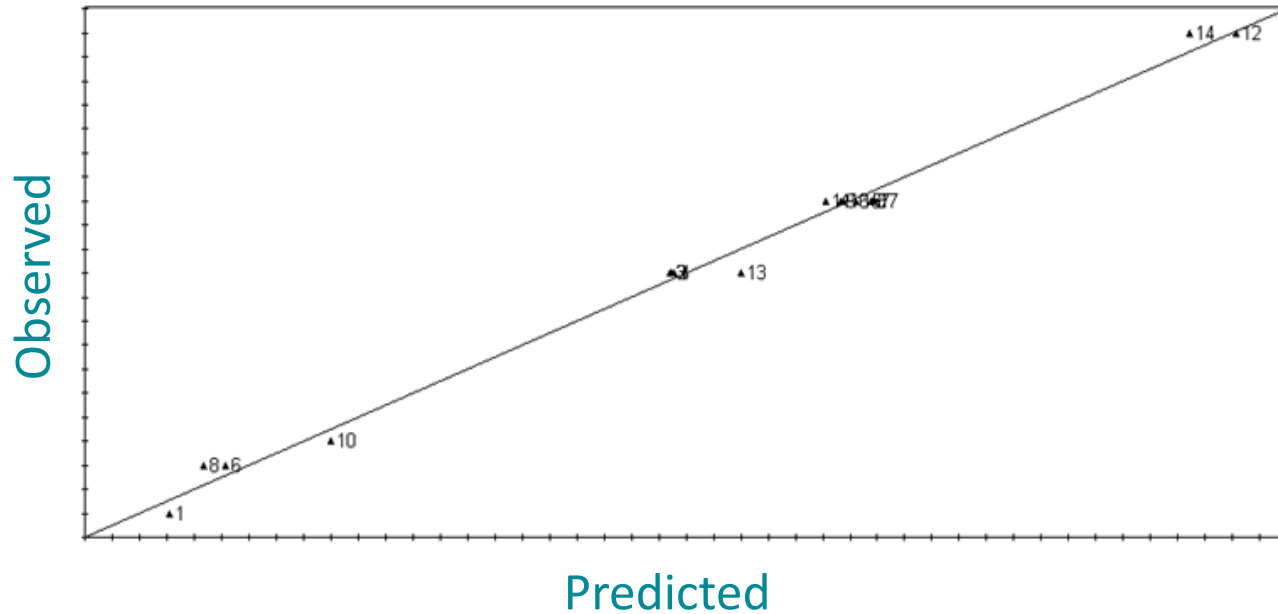
# 1/ Find the correlations between process parameters and the quality

- *The process moves over the year*



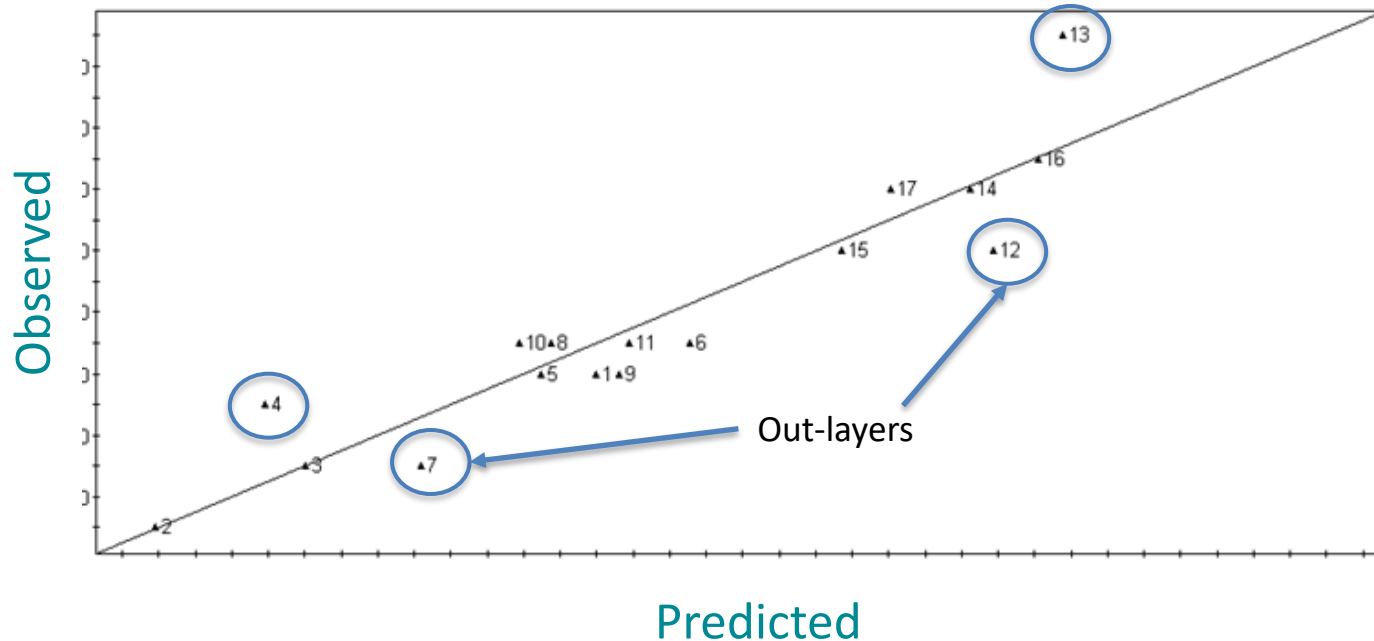
## 2. Predict the product quality by data modelling

Crystal size, Observed vs Predicted

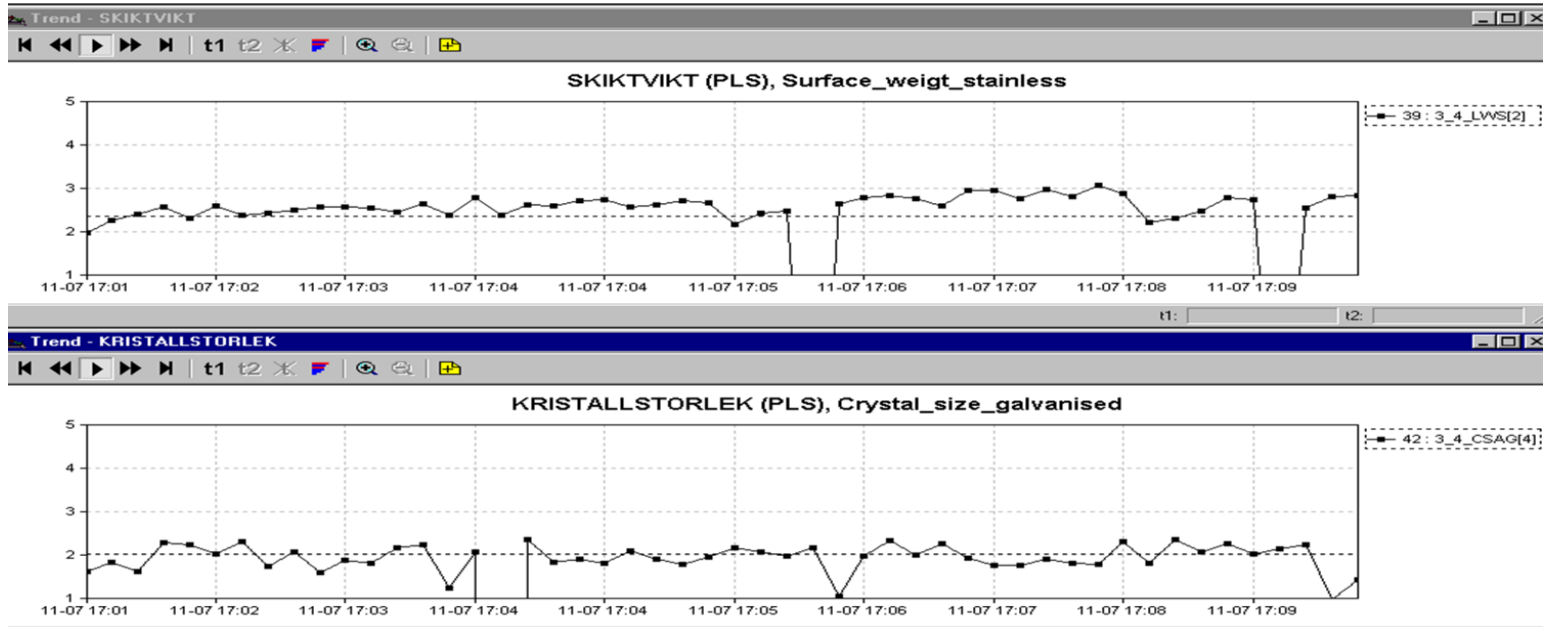


## 2. Predict the product quality by data modelling

### Surface weight, Observed vs Predicted



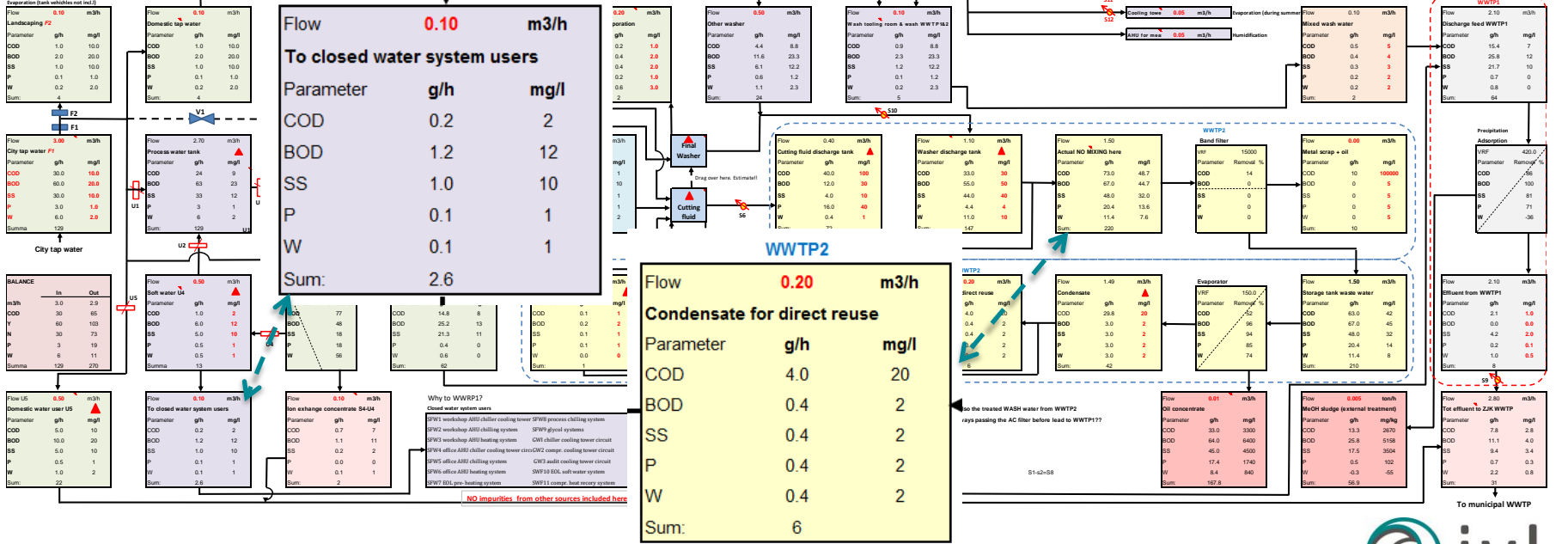
## 2. Predict the product quality by data modelling



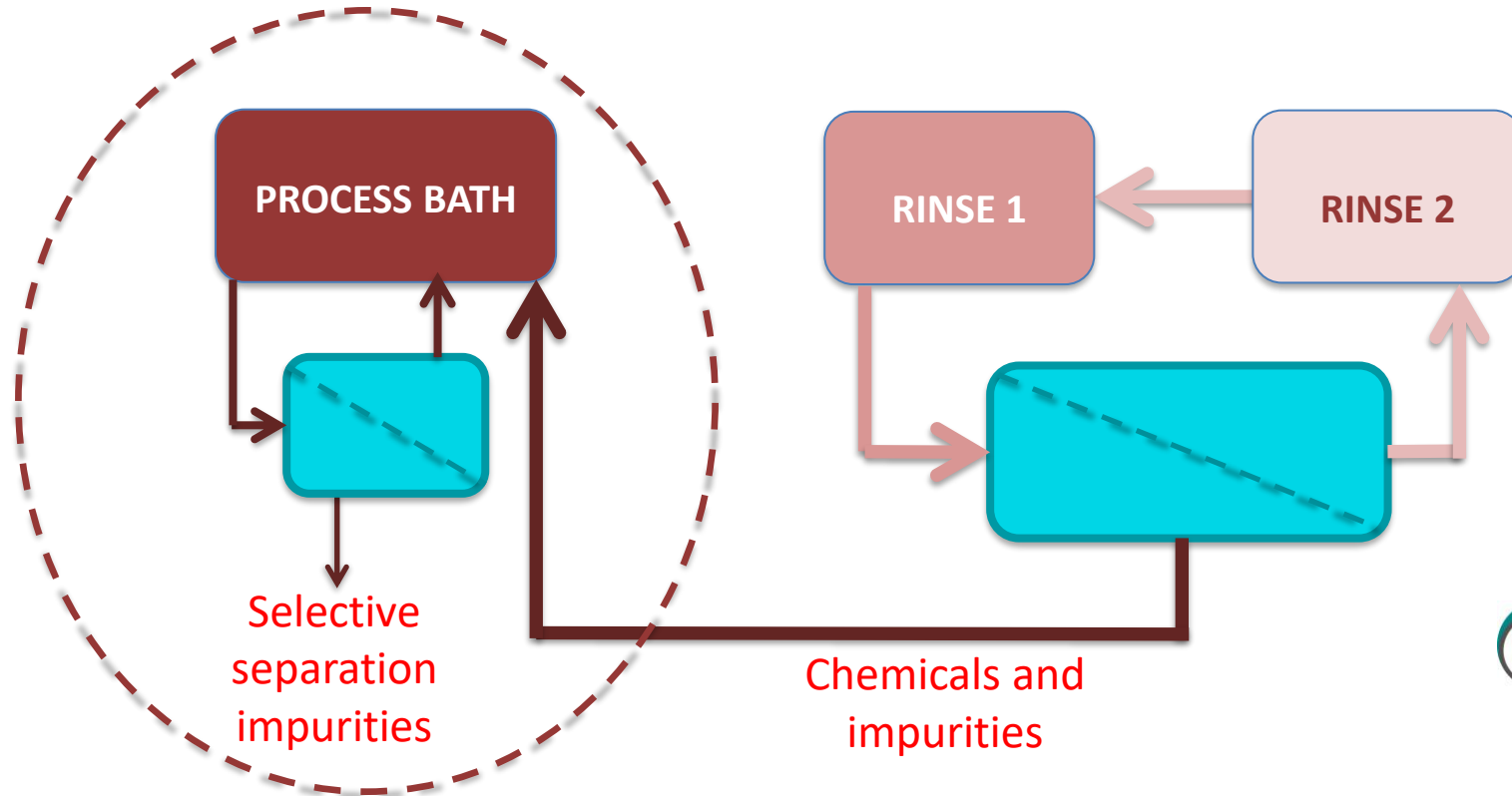
Real time quality control !

# 3. Take control of the mass balance (chemicals + impurities + water)

Red = Fill in the "In put table" sheet!

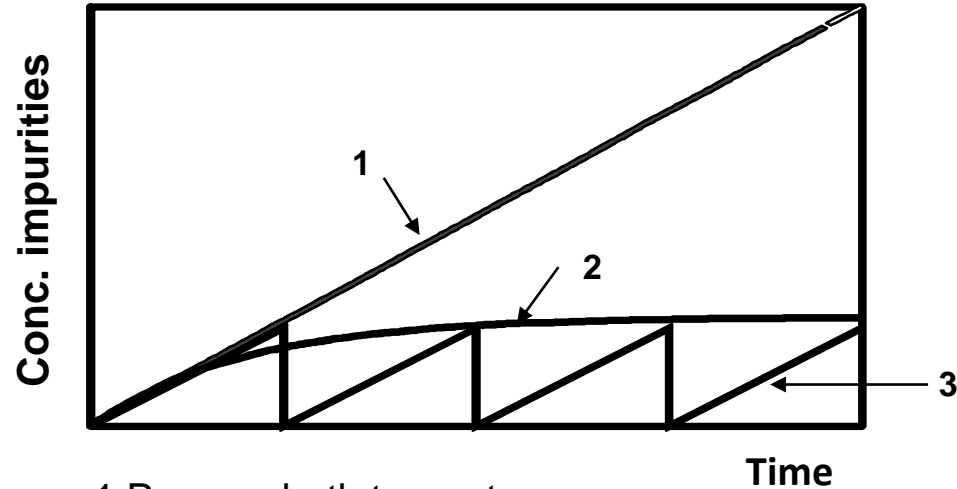
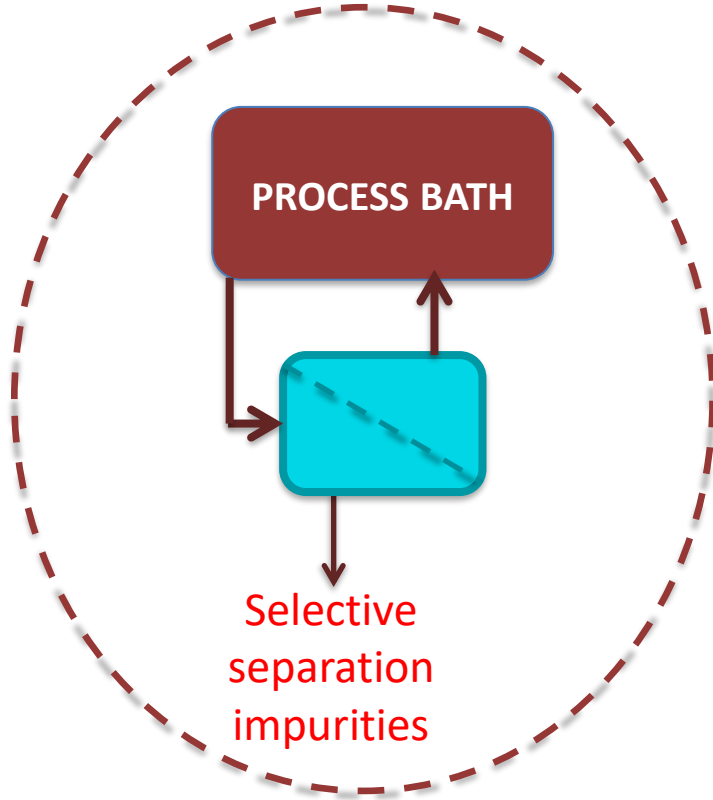


## 4. Separate impurities selectively



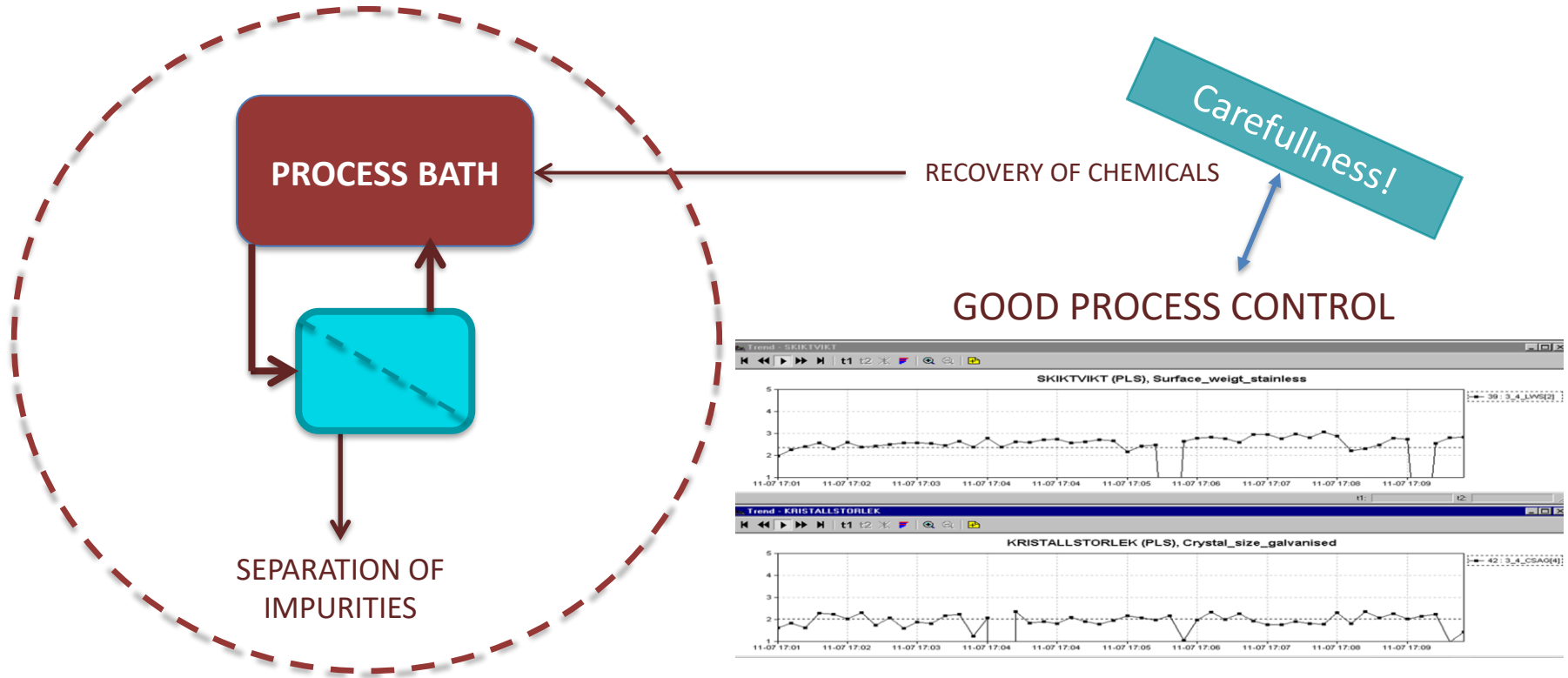


# Increased lifespan of process baths

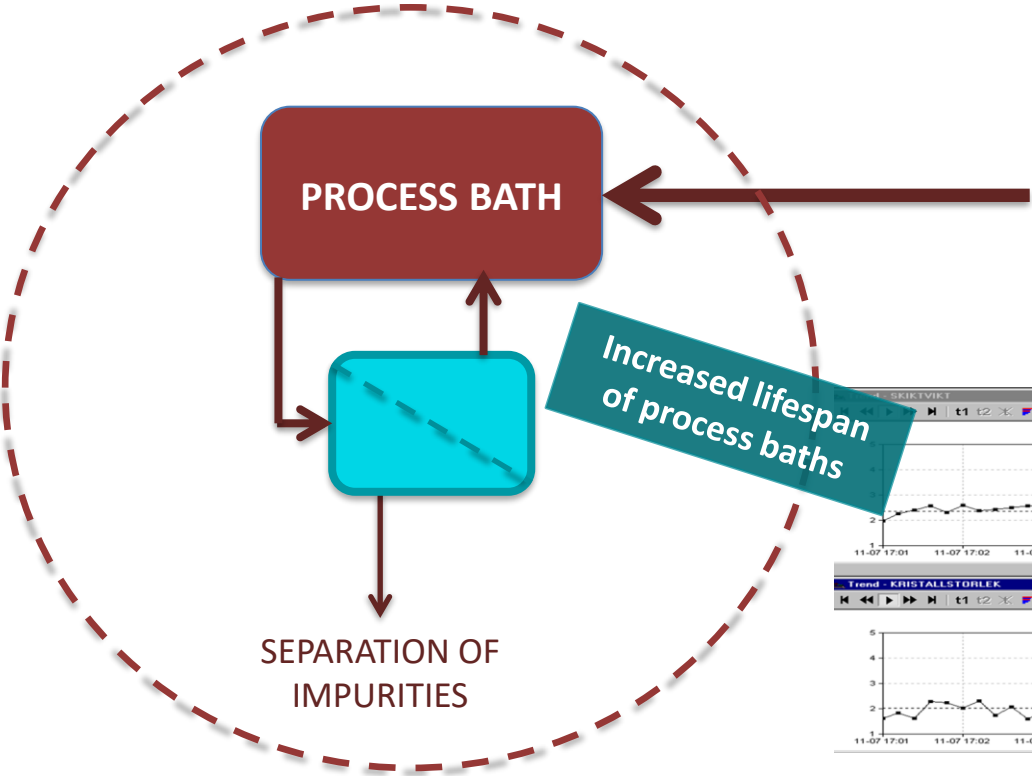


- 1 Process bath to waste
- 2 Continuous separation
- 3 Intermittent separation

# 5. Start to recover chemicals stepwise and with good control



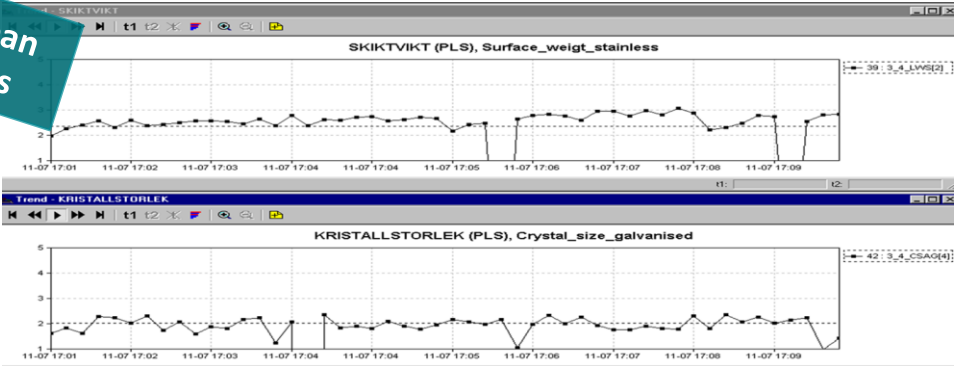
# 6. Recover more process chemicals and keep the good control



Increased lifespan  
of process baths

RECOVERY OF  
CHEMICALS

GOOD PROCESS CONTROL



# Resource Efficient Quality Optimisation

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- 👍 Recovery of water and process chemicals
- 👍 Increased lifespan of process baths
- 👍 Maintained or improved product quality
- 👍 Circular economy in practice

Thank you for listening!

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