

ALigning Architectures for Digital twin of the Organization (ALADINO)

1 Nov 2020 - 30 Oct 2023



Farid Edrisi

Dep. of Computer Science and Media Technology

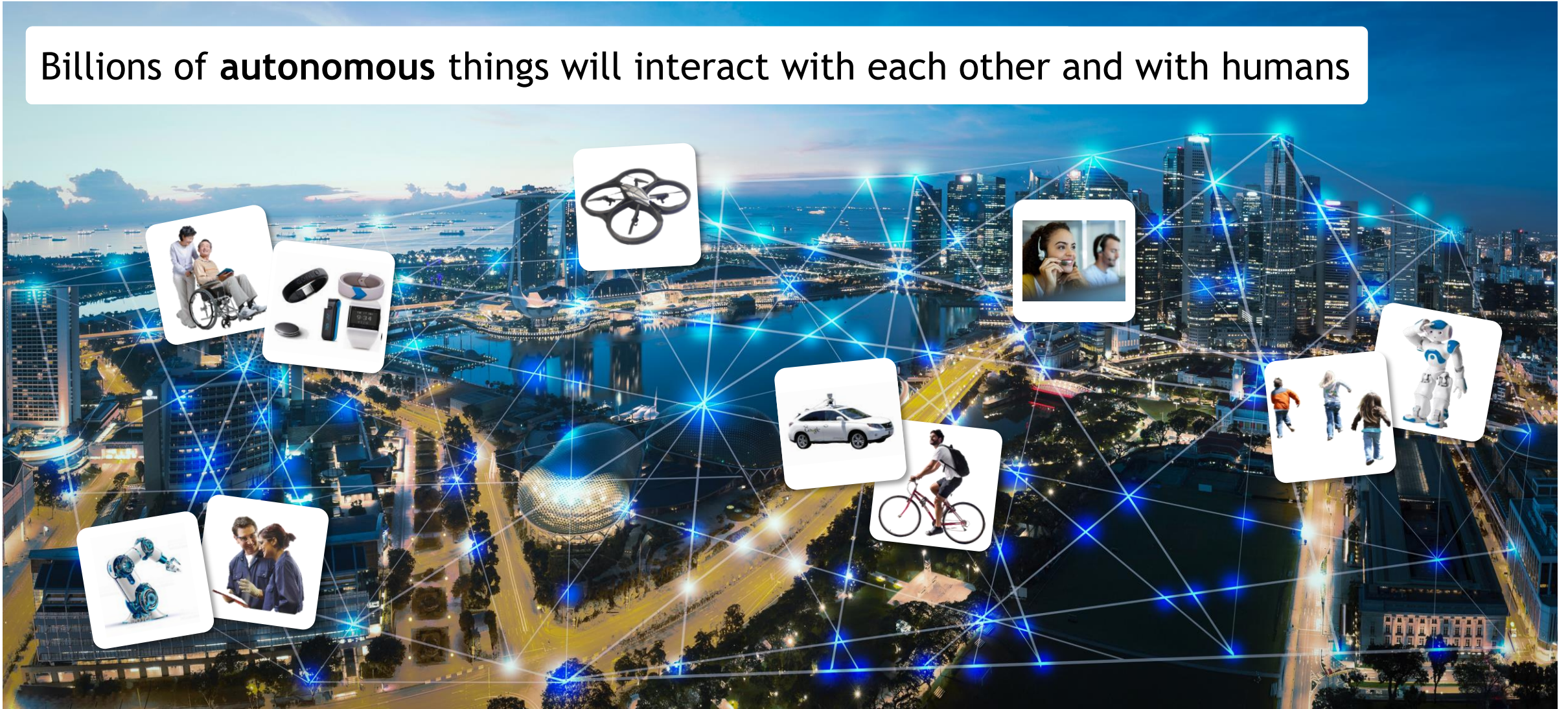


Linnæus University

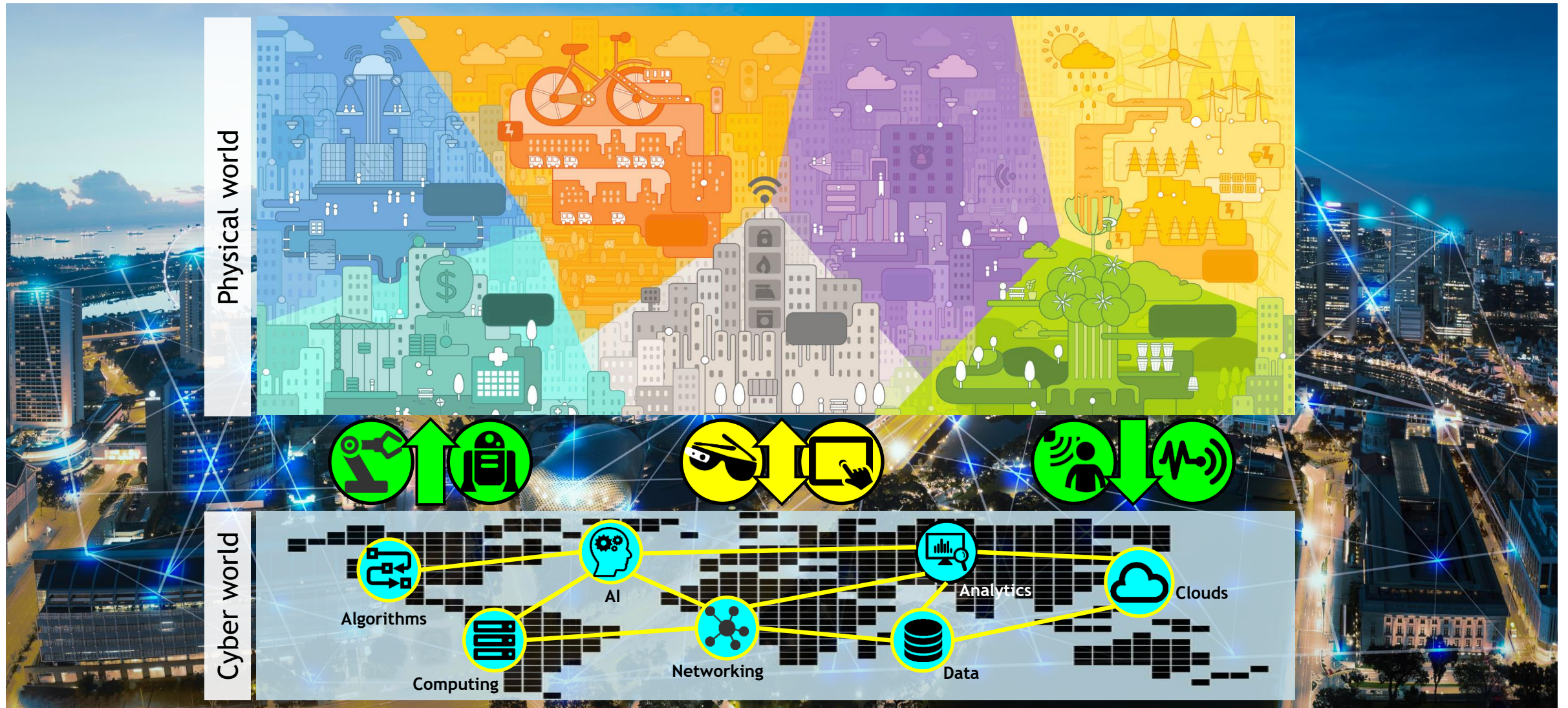


Myriads of pervasive connected devices

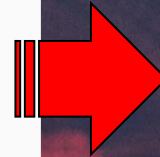
Billions of autonomous things will interact with each other and with humans



Digitalization is a grand challenge



Complex systems



Complexity → Uncertainty

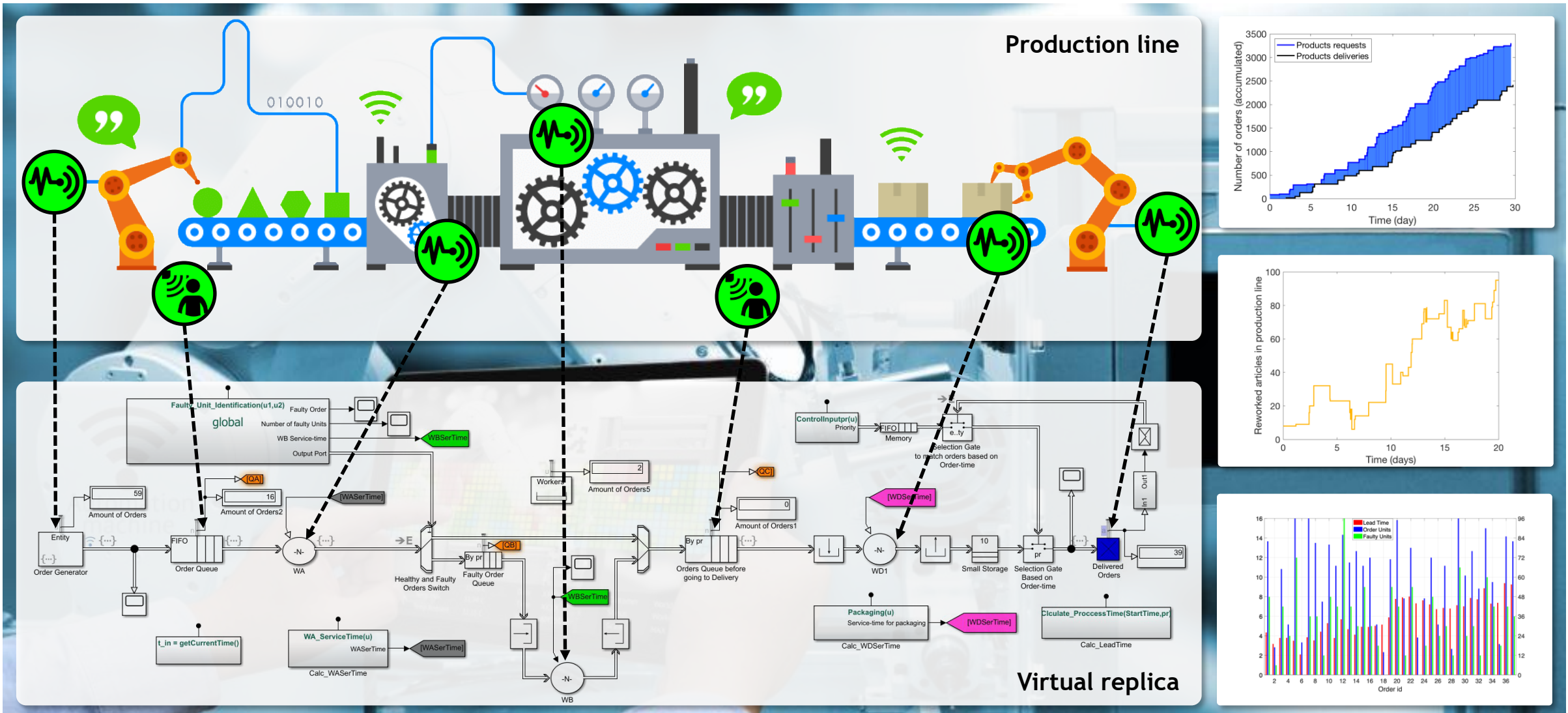
How can we execute the decision-making process and make informed decisions?

Digital Twin of Organization represents all the elements and connections of an organization in virtual replicas

Can be **simulated** and **analyzed**

- Assessment, health diagnosis, optimization

Digital Twin of the Organization



••• Opportunities

Employing a well-defined DTO can help organizations to develop, change and innovate, and consequently enhance the organizations sustainability



Challenges

DTO Evolution

“Digitalization is a long-running process that must manage new and changed requirements and constraint. How can we effectively and efficiently maintain and evolve DTOs in order to adapt to future needs?”

DTO Development

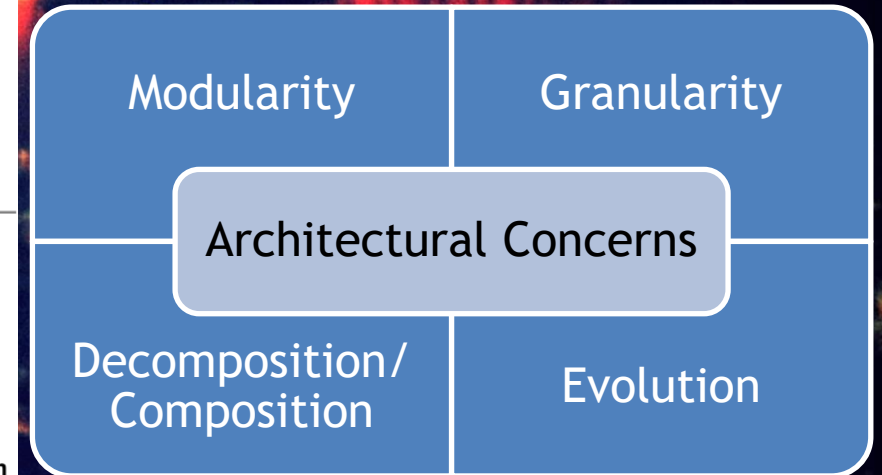
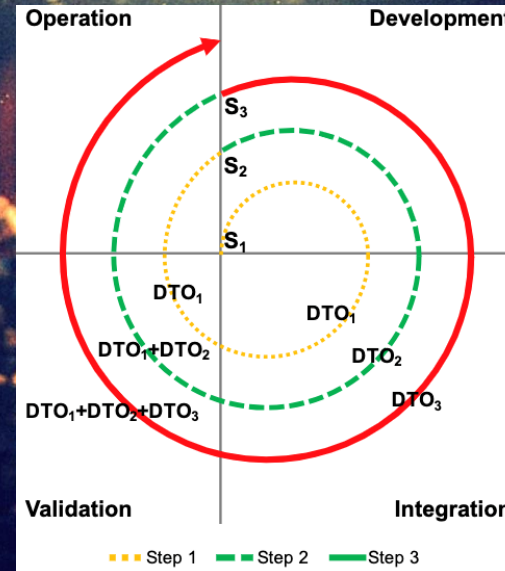
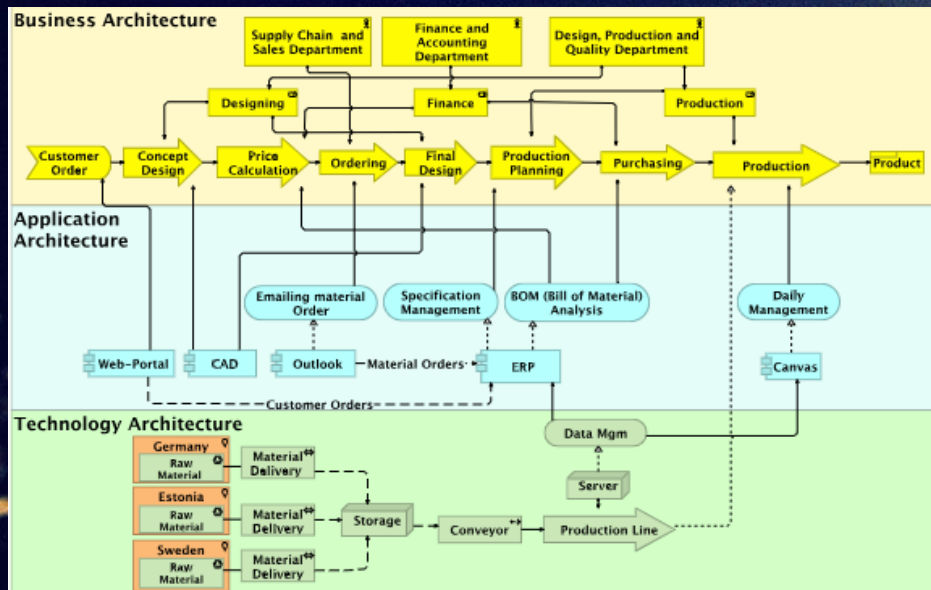
“Digitalize the organization is a cumbersome and error-prone process. How can we gradually introduce, and iteratively develop a DTO that satisfies the organizational needs?”



The ALADINO Approach

DTÖ Functionality

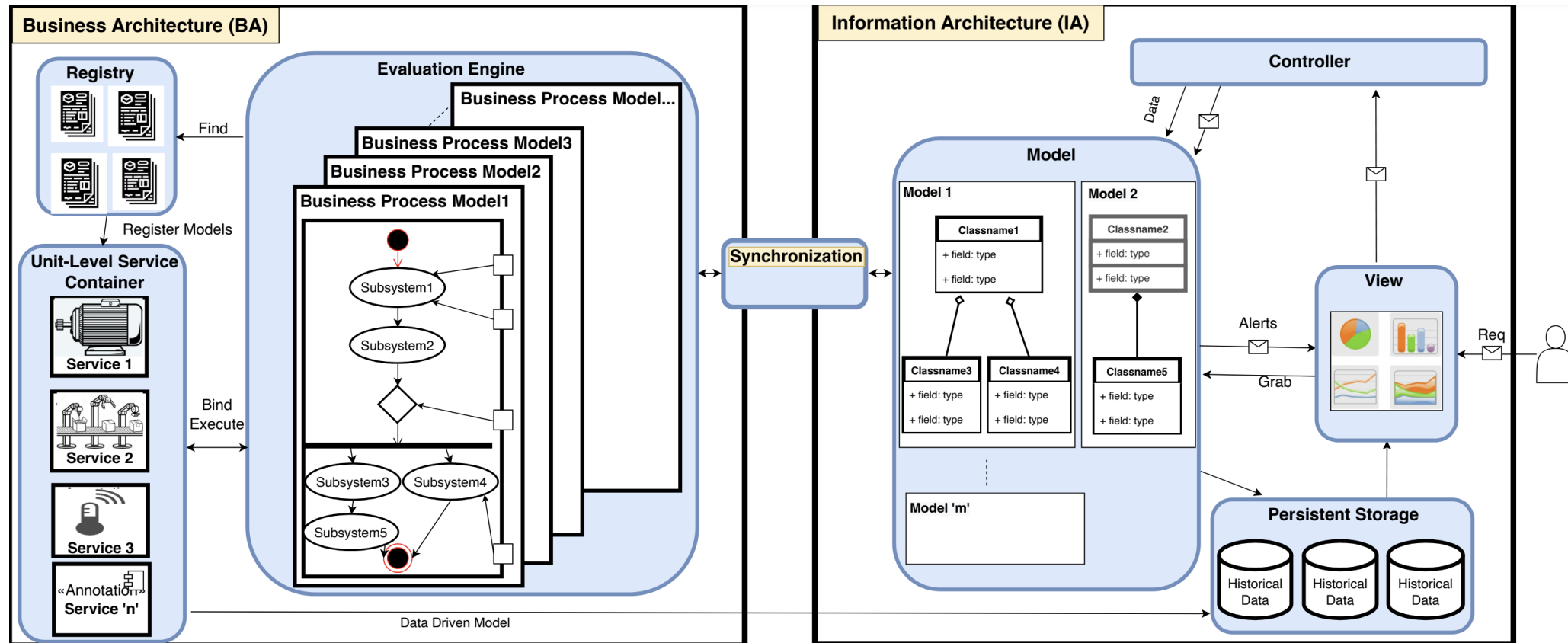
DTÖ should mimic the organization that produced it*



DTÖ consists of:

- **Structure:** Elements and relationships
- **Behavior:** How the elements interact with each other
- **Data:** state, context, input, output

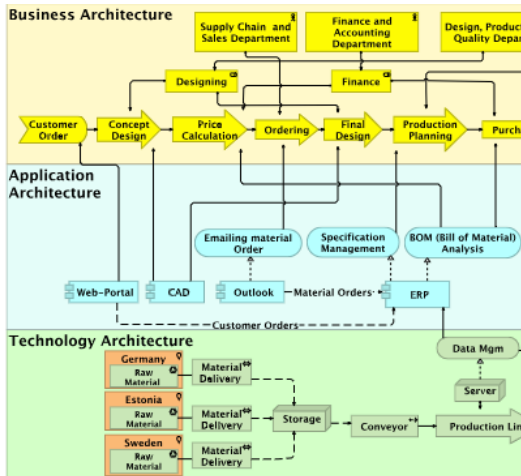
EA Blueprint Pattern*



1. BA represents business processes and interactions at organization level
2. IA manages the data representing the current status of the organization
3. Synchronization handles the information exchange between BA and IA.

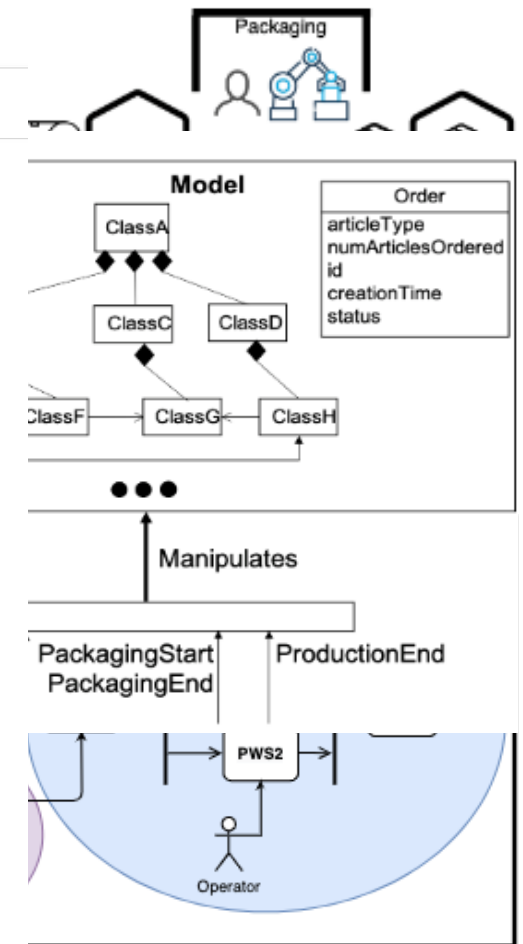
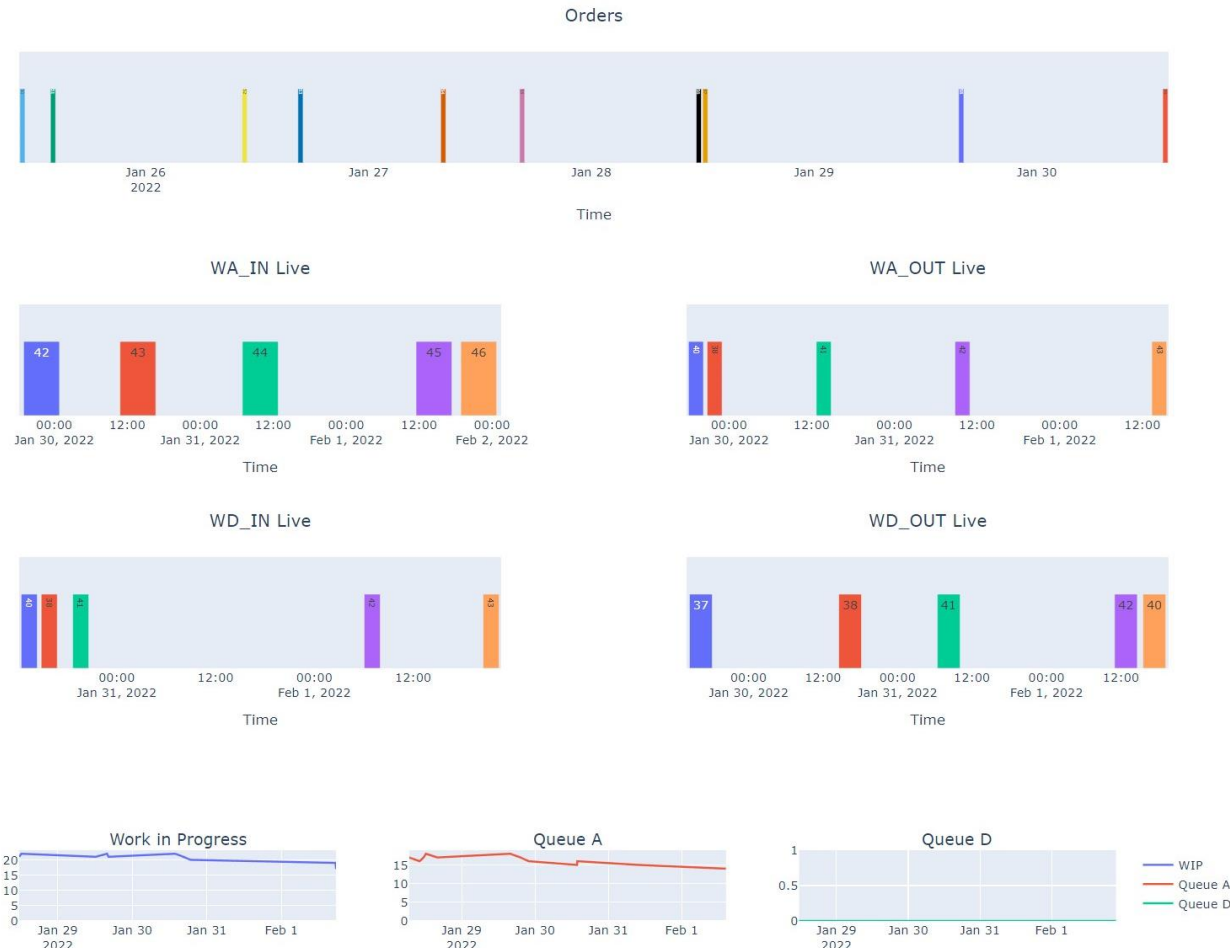


Production Business Process*



Production Planner Dashboard

Monitored Data

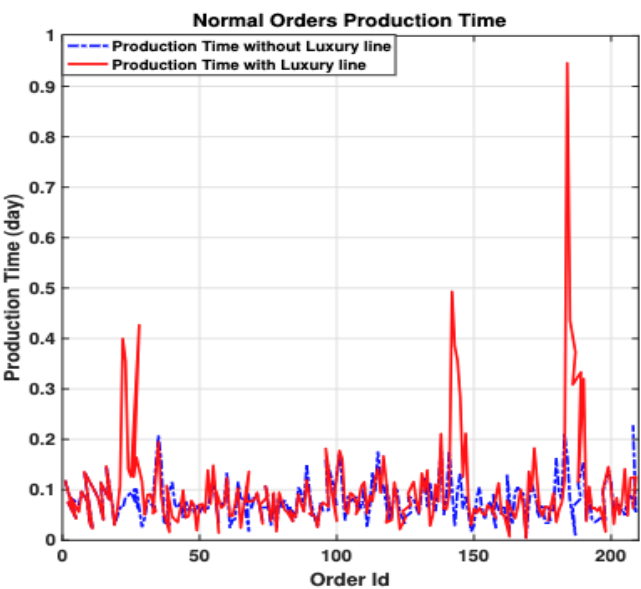


Added Values*

- Adding Transportation and Luxury Production business Processes to the basic Production process.
- Production Time comparison for normal orders in as-is DTO (without luxury line - blue dashed plot) and to-be DTO (including luxury line - red plot)

Maximum difference = 18.69 hours

Average difference = 32 minutes



- Simulation results of what-if scenarios for resource allocation of Transportation.

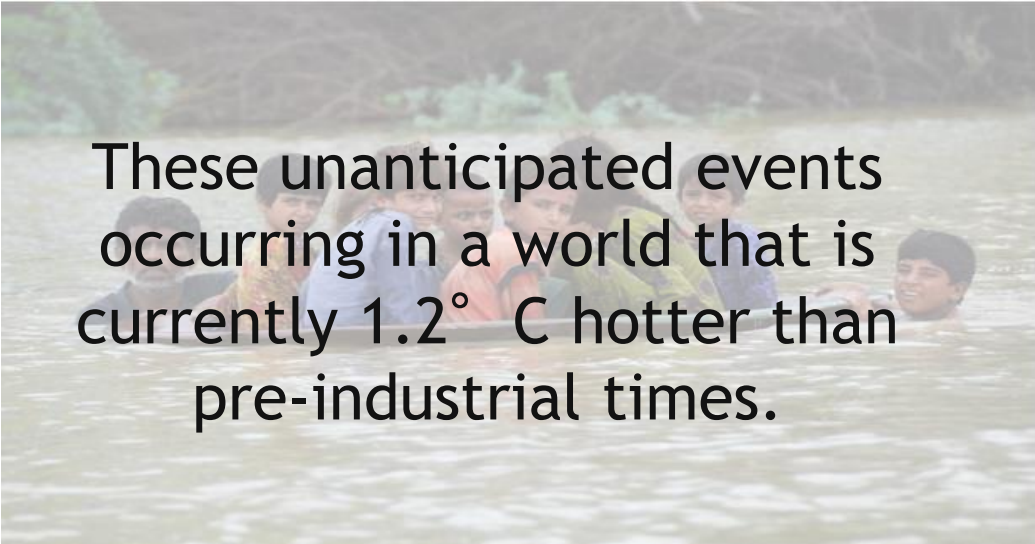
Departure Policy	10			8			6			4			2			1		
No. of Trucks	AW ^a	AL ^b	AU ^c	AW	AL	AU	AW	AL	AU	AW	AL	AU	AW	AL	AU	AW	AL	AU
1	0.51	5.28	0.99	0.49	5.1	0.99	0.48	5	0.99	0.46	4.85	0.98	0.52	5.47	0.94	0.54	5.65	0.76
2	0.31	3.32	0.99	0.32	3.38	0.99	0.32	3.34	0.98	0.31	3.27	0.96	0.32	3.4	0.83	0.41	4.34	0.44
3	0.24	2.54	0.99	0.23	2.48	0.98	0.25	2.66	0.97	0.24	2.54	0.92	0.22	2.32	0.59	0.41	4.34	0.3
4	0.17	1.81	0.99	0.18	1.95	0.97	0.18	1.92	0.95	0.18	1.95	0.85	0.22	2.29	0.45	0.41	4.34	0.22

^a AW: Average Waiting Time in Delivery Queue, ^b AL: Average Length in Delivery Queue, ^c AU: Average Utilization of trucks




ALADINO's Potential Role in Net-Zero Emissions

Why Net-Zero!?

A photograph showing a group of people, including children, wading through murky floodwaters. The water is chest-high for the adults and head-high for the children. The background shows some greenery and a cloudy sky.

These unanticipated events occurring in a world that is currently 1.2°C hotter than pre-industrial times.

A photograph of a large, intense wildfire with bright orange and yellow flames. Two people are standing in the foreground, looking towards the fire. The background is filled with smoke and more fire.

Extreme weather events, amplified by global warming, are coming faster and more severe than predicted.

A photograph of a woman in a patterned headscarf and brown clothing, carrying two large, full plastic water jugs on a yoke across her shoulders. She is walking outdoors, and other people are visible in the background.

Agreement to do everything to hold increases to 1.5°C

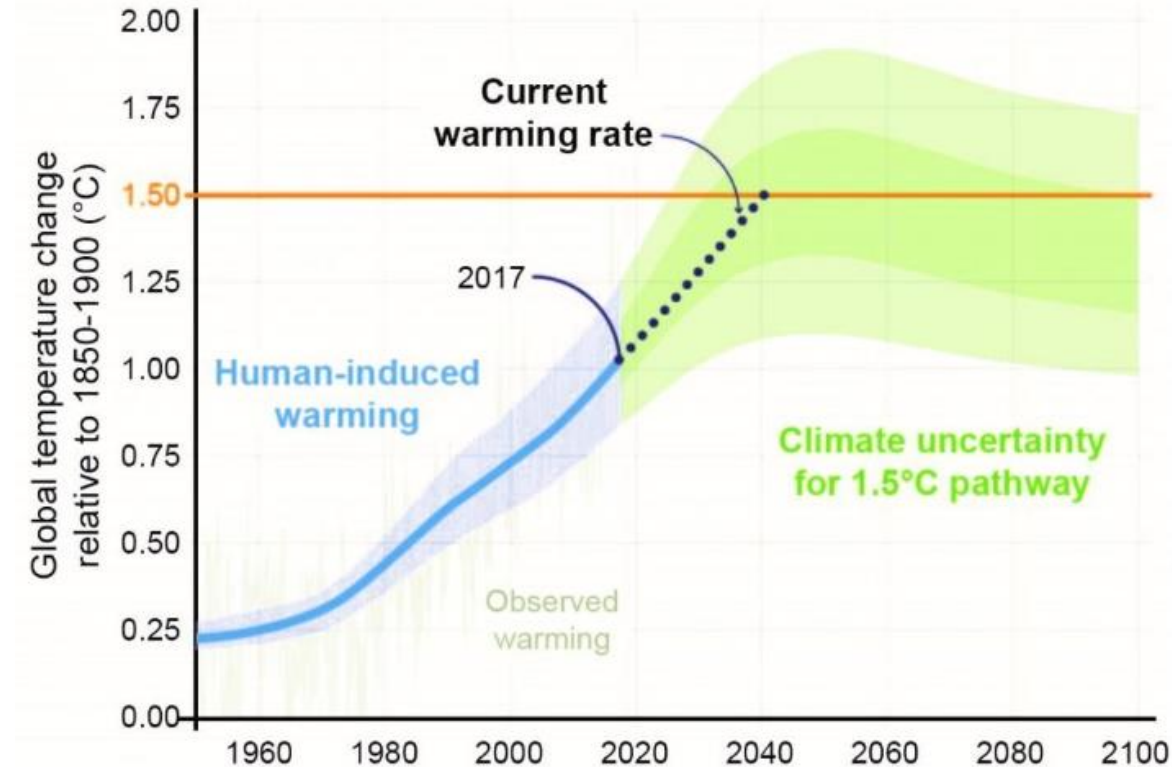
To achieve net-zero carbon emissions by 2050 and avoid exceeding the 1.5° C global temperature increase:

Reducing emissions by 5%-7% each year!

Current situation: Emissions are increasing by 1% to 2% annually!

Manufacturing and Production sector is responsible for 20% of the world's carbon emissions (directly)

New Ideas are required!



••• ALÄDINO Can Take Responsibilities!

Real-time insights through Simulations: Identifying inefficiencies and optimizing resource usage by twinning manufacturing processes, energy consumption, and emissions.

Predictive Maintenance and Energy Efficiency: Reducing downtime and preventing energy-intensive breakdowns, minimizing waste and emissions.

Supply Chain Optimization: Reducing emissions associated with transportation and storage, by twinning logistics, transportation, and inventory management.

Carbon Footprint Reduction: Minimize carbon footprint by exploring different production methods, materials, and energy sources through what-if scenarios.

Collaboration and Decision-Making: Making Informed decisions based on accurate, up-to-date information among stakeholders to decide on new sustainable policies.

Thank You!



Lnu.se



Farid Edrisi,
0470-70 81 59
farid.edrisi@lnu.se